#### DOCUMENT 009113 – ADDENDUM FIVE

- 1.1 PROJECT INFORMATION
  - A. Project Name: Small Craft Harbor Pedestrian Overpass, Biloxi, Mississippi
  - B. Project Location:
  - C. Owner: City of Biloxi
  - D. Architect Project Number: 17069
  - E. Date of Addendum Five: August 3, 2018



#### 1.2 NOTICE TO BIDDERS

- A. This Addendum is issued to all registered plan holders pursuant to the Instructions to Bidders and Conditions of the Contract. This Addendum serves to clarify, revise, and supersede information in the Project Manual, Drawings, and previously issued Addenda. Portions of the Addendum affecting the Contract Documents will be incorporated into the Contract by enumeration of the Addendum in the Owner/Contractor Agreement.
- B. The Bidder shall acknowledge receipt of this Addendum in the appropriate space on the Bid Form.
- C. The date for receipt of bids is unchanged by this Addendum, at same time and location.
  - 1. Bid Date: 4 PM, August 8, 2018.

#### 1.3 GENERAL

- A. <u>CLARIFICATION</u>: There is now a conflict between the auger cast piles and 12 pile cap at the north tower and the existing water and sewer lines. See re-issued Structural drawings Addendum 4 showing a reconfigured pile cap that avoids the sewer main.
- B. <u>CLARIFICATION</u>: There is a conflict between the auger cast piles and 12 pile cap at the south tower and the underground electrical lines. Addendum 3 re-issued and new electrical drawings address this issue in detail.
- C. <u>CLARIFICATION:</u> Composite board connections to steel members shown on revised architectural sheet A-501 Addendum 3.
- D. <u>CLARIFICATION:</u> Structural Drawing 4/S-401 scale is 3/8" = 1'-0".
- E. <u>CLARIFICATION</u>: Individual lane shutdowns can be scheduled with project engineer during construction.
- F. <u>CLARIFICATION</u>: All roofing to include asphalt impregnated roofing underlayment equivalent to #15 felt, installed over sheathing as specified.

#### 1.4 GENERAL RESPONSES TO REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

A. <u>QUESTION</u>: Based on past experience installing a full-length cage on the auger cast piles in sandy conditions is extremely difficult. The sand from the soil pulls the moisture out of the grout when it is pumped in the hole making it nearly impossible to install the cage full depth. Have any considerations been made to have a 20 to 25' cage with a full-length center bar as is typical to the area.

ANSWER: The pile reinforcement must be as shown in 8/S-201.

B. <u>QUESTION</u>: Addendum 4 mentions that the 1st floor storefront and glazing is to be standard for storm surge breakaway conditions. Does the 1st floor storefront still have to meet the wind loads as called out in the structural notes?

ANSWER: Yes

C. <u>QUESTION:</u> Please indicate the difference between B1, B2, and B3 masonry walls on A-101 and 102. It is assumed B1 and B3 are the same with the exception of the breakaway wall on the first floor and B2 is to be a 4" masonry wall, please confirm.

ANSWER: Please see Architectural Drawing A-611 for the differences between B1 and B3. Partition types have been revised to delete B2 types from the project. (See attached Architectural Addendum Drawing (AAD-5-1).

D. <u>QUESTION</u>: Detail 4 on A-103 shows Perforated Hardie Soffit Board at the exterior eave edge. The detail in the outside edge scales to 2'. The RCP plan bridge section on A-321 scales out to 3'. The widest panel that Hardie makes in the smooth vented is 24". Should a 24" vented board be used and 1' of smooth board with a 1x2" piece of trim to cover the joint?

ANSWER: Detail 3/A-321 shows 3'-0" to the centerline of the steel. Therefore, the soffit board will span 2'-8". One 2'-0" wide soffit board will be placed next to an 8" piece of soffit board. The joint will be covered with 1x2 trim. NOTE: the 8" piece of soffit board will be located next to steel.

E. <u>QUESTION:</u> The drawings do not indicate waterproofing on the CMU walls. Is the fluid-applied membrane air barrier system or block sealer to be applied in these locations?

ANSWER: Fluid-Applied Membrane shown in Re-issued Architectural Drawing A-501 and Issued Specification Section 072726 both by Addendum.

- 1.5 REVISIONS TO DIVISION 00 PROCUREMENT REQUIREMENTS AND CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS
  - A. Document Specification Section 00905A CITY OF BILOXI PROPOSAL FORM, (Re-issued).
    - 1. Delete this Section in its entirety and replace with the Section attached to this Addendum.
  - B. Document Specification Section 012200 UNIT PRICES, (Issued).
    - 1. New specification section. Please add this to the project manual.
- 1.6 REVISIONS TO DIVISIONS 02 49 SPECIFICATION SECTIONS
  - A. Specification Section 057300 DECORATIVE METAL RAILING, (Re-Issued).

- 1. Delete this Section in its entirety and replace with the Section attached to this Addendum
- B. Specification Section 061600 SHEATHING, (Re-Issued).
  - 1. Delete this Section in its entirety and replace with the Section attached to this Addendum.
- C. Specification Section 072726 FLUID APPLIED MEMBRANES, (Re-Issued).
  - 1. Delete this Section in its entirety and replace with the Section attached to this Addendum.
- D. Specification Section 076200 SHEET METAL FLASHING, (Re-Issued).
  - 1. Delete this Section in its entirety and replace with the Section attached to this Addendum.
- E. Specification Section 313116 TERMITE CONTROL, (Issued).
  - 1. New specification section. Please add this to the project manual.
- 1.7 REVISIONS TO DRAWING SHEETS
  - A. Architectural Drawing A-501- Exterior Details, (Re-Issued): Fluid-Applied Membrane added.
  - B. Architectural Drawing A-611 Schedules, Door Types & Details (Re-Issued): Revised Head Jamp Detail and Partition Type Schedule.

#### 1.8 ATTACHMENTS

- A. Specification Section 00905A City of Biloxi Proposal Form dated 3 August 2018.
- B. Specification Section 012200 Unit Prices dated 3 August 2018.
- C. Specification Section 057300 Decorative Metal Railing dated 3 August 2018.
- D. Specification Section 061600 Sheathing dated 3 August 2018.
- E. Specification Section 072726 Fluid Applied Membranes dated 3 August 2018.
- F. Specification Section 076200 Sheet Metal Flashing dated 3 August 2018.
- G. Specification Section 313116 Termite Control dated 3 August 2018.
- H. Architectural Addendum Drawing AAD 5-1 dated 3 August 2018
- I. Architectural Drawing A-501 Exterior Details dated 03 August 2018.
- J. Architectural Drawing A-611 Schedules, Door Types & Details dated 03 August 2018.

#### END OF DOCUMENT ADDENDUM FIVE

DPA 17069

#### SECTION 905-A CITY OF BILOXI PROJECT CONTRACTOR PROPOSAL FORM

#### PROPOSAL: SMALL CRAFT HARBOR PEDESTRIAN OVERPASS PROJECT NUMBER <u>1023</u>

BID OF:

Contractor (corp./partnership, individual)

Address

Certificate of Responsibility No.

TO: The CITY OF BILOXI 140 Lameuse Street P.O. Box 429 Biloxi, Mississippi 39533

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The bidder, in compliance with your invitation for bids for the **SMALL CRAFT HARBOR PEDESTRIAN OVERPASS, PROJECT NUMBER <u>1023</u>, in accordance with these plans and specifications prepared by DALE PARTNERS ARCHITECTS P.A., having examined the Drawings, Specifications, Special Provisions, Notice(s) to Bidders, herein, and related documents, the site of the proposed work and being familiar with all the conditions surrounding the construction of the proposed project including the availability of materials and labor, hereby proposes to do all the work and furnish all labor, materials, equipment, fuel and supplies and to construct the project in the manner specified. The bidder understands that the quantities mentioned herein are approximate only and are subject to either increase or decrease, and hereby proposes to perform any increased or decreased quantities of work at the unit prices bid, in accordance with the above and at the time set forth.** 

Bidder hereby agrees to commence work under this contract on or before a date to be specified in the written "Notice to Proceed" from the CITY OF BILOXI and to fully complete the project within *Three Hundred (300)* calendar days thereafter as stipulated in the specifications.

For failure to complete the work on time, the Bidder further agrees to pay liquidated damages in accordance with the Specifications, after the 300 calendar days designated for completion of the work.

Bidder acknowledges receipt of and has added to and made a part of the proposal and contract documents the following addendum (addenda):

Addendum No.	Dated
Addendum No.	Dated
Addendum No	Dated
Addendum No	Dated

TOTAL ADDENDA: \_\_\_\_\_ (Must agree with total addenda issued prior to opening of bid)

The Bidder understands that the CITY reserves the right to reject any or all bids and to waive informalities in the bidding.

The Bidder agrees that his bid shall be good and may not be withdrawn for a period of sixty (60) calendar days after the scheduled closing time for receiving bids, unless the City and contractor mutually agree upon a different period.

Attached hereto is a Proposal Guaranty consisting of a certified check, cashier's check or Bid Bond in the amount as required in the Advertisement (or, by law).

The bidder agrees to provide all "force account or extra work" that may be required on the basis provided in the Specifications and to give such work their personal attention in order to see that it is economically performed. Any changes from the original contract items shall be incorporated into the project by a change order.

The Bidder further proposes to execute the attached contract agreement (Section 902) and all other Proposal Documents (Section 905) as soon as the work is awarded to them and shall begin and complete the work within the time limits provided for in the Specifications and Advertisement. The Bidder also proposes to execute the attached payment and performance bond (Section 903) or other city approved form(s) in an amount not less than one hundred percent (100%) of the total of the work, but shall also guarantee the excellence of both workmanship and materials until the work is finally accepted.

The bid security/proposal guaranty attached in the form of a certified check, cashier's check or bid bond in the sum of \_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_) is to become the property of the CITY OF BILOXI in the event the Bidder fails to execute the contract and furnish all other required security within ten (10) days after notice of award, the amount of this check (or bid bond) will be forfeited to the CITY as liquidated damages arising out of the Bidder's failure to execute the contract as proposed. It is understood that in case the Bidder is not awarded with work, the check will be returned as provided in the Specifications.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the Bidder has hereunto affixed his legal signature on this,

\_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

Respectfully submitted, \_\_\_\_\_

Contractors

<u>\_\_\_\_\_</u>\_\_\_\_

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

#### (To be filled in if a corporation)

Our corporation is chartered under the Laws of the State of \_\_\_\_\_\_ and the names, titles and business addresses of the executives are as follows:

SEAL

### The following is my (our) proposal:

#### SMALL CRAFT HARBOR PEDESRIAN OVERPASS PROJECT NUMBER <u>1023</u>

#### BASE BID

The Bidder agrees to perform all the work described in the specifications and the drawings as prepared by Dale Partners Architects, P.A. for the sum of

Dollars

(\$\_\_\_\_\_)\*

THE ABOVE LUMP SUM PRICE INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING ALLOWANCES:

Refer to Section 012100- Allowances for additional information and requirements.

ALLOWANCE NO. 1: Security Allowance: Include the sum of \$25,000.00 for the purchase and installation of cameras, camera housings, wireless aps, antennas, electronic switches, fiber transceivers, recorders, and associated equipment for surveillance. This allowance as noted on drawings and in specifications shall be included in the Contractor's base bid.

#### UNIT PRICES

Refer to Section 012200 Unit Prices for additional information and requirements.

1. UNIT\_PRICE NO. 1: AUGER CAST GROUT PILE ADDITION: In accordance with Section 012200 Unit Prices, provide a price per linear foot per 18" diameter pile to add to the Contract Sum.

Dollars

(\$\_\_\_\_\_) per linear foot. \*

2. UNIT\_PRICE NO. 2: AUGER CAST GROUT PILE DEDUCTION: In accordance with Section 012200 Unit Prices, provide a price per linear foot per 18" diameter pile to deduct from the Contract Sum.

Dollars

(\$\_\_\_\_\_) per linear foot. \*

#### ALTERNATE BIDS

#### ALTERNATE BID NO. 1

For all work as described in Alternative Bid No. 1, ALTERNATE BIDS, I (or WE) will deduct from the Base Bid the sum of

Dollars

.\*

\*In case of any discrepancy, the amount in words will govern. The sum total given is subject to verifications of the correctness of extensions and amounts given.

#### SECTION 012200 - UNIT PRICES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for unit prices.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 012600 "Contract Modification Procedures" for procedures for submitting and handling Change Orders.
  - 2. Section 014000 "Quality Requirements" for general testing and inspecting requirements.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Unit price is an amount incorporated in the Agreement, applicable during the duration of the Work as a price per unit of measurement for materials, equipment, or services, or a portion of the Work, added to or deducted from the Contract Sum by appropriate modification, if the scope of Work or estimated quantities of Work required by the Contract Documents are increased or decreased.

#### 1.4 PROCEDURES

- A. Unit prices include all necessary material, plus cost for delivery, installation, insurance, applicable taxes, overhead, and profit.
- B. Measurement and Payment: See individual Specification Sections for work that requires establishment of unit prices. Methods of measurement and payment for unit prices are specified in those Sections.
- C. Owner reserves the right to reject Contractor's measurement of work-in-place that involves use of established unit prices and to have this work measured, at Owner's expense, by an independent surveyor acceptable to Contractor.
- D. List of Unit Prices: A schedule of unit prices is included in Part 3. Specification Sections referenced in the schedule contain requirements for materials described under each unit price.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

- PART 3 EXECUTION
- 3.1 SCHEDULE OF UNIT PRICES:

#### A. <u>PILING UNIT PRICES</u>

- 1. <u>Unit Price No. 1</u> AUGER CAST GROUT PILE ADDITION
  - a. Description: Provide a Unit Price to add to the Contract Sum for each additional linear foot of 18" diameter pile required. Price to include all work (i.e. drilling, reinforcing steel and concrete) necessary for each pile.
  - b. Unit of Measurement: Price per linear foot (single unit price to add to the Contract Sum).
  - c. See Appropriate Location on the Bid Form.
- 2. <u>Unit Price No. 2</u> AUGER CAST GROUT PILE DEDUCTION
  - a. Description: Provide a Unit Price <u>to deduct from</u> the Contract Sum for each linear foot of 18" diameter pile not required. Price to include all work (i.e. drilling, reinforcing steel and concrete) necessary for each pile.
  - b. Unit of Measurement: Price per linear foot (single unit price to deduct from the Contract Sum).
  - c. See Appropriate Location on the Bid Form.

END OF SECTION 012200

SECTION 057300 - DECORATIVE METAL RAILINGS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Stainless steel decorative railings
  - 2. Illuminated decorative railings.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 061053 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry" for wood blocking for anchoring railings.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Railings: Guards, handrails, and similar devices used for protection of occupants at open-sided floor areas and for pedestrian guidance and support, visual separation, or wall protection.

#### 1.4 COORDINATION AND SCHEDULING

- A. Coordinate selection of shop primers with topcoats to be applied over them. Comply with paint and coating manufacturers' written instructions to ensure that shop primers and topcoats are compatible.
- B. Coordinate installation of anchorages for railings. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver items to Project site in time for installation.
- C. Schedule installation so wall attachments are made only to completed walls. Do not support railings temporarily by any means that do not meet structural performance requirements.

#### 1.5 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
- 1.6 ACTION SUBMITTALS
  - A. Product Data: For the following:

#### Addendum Five Small Craft Harbor Pedestrian Overpass Biloxi, Mississippi

- 1. Manufacturer's product lines of railings assembled from standard components.
- 2. Grout, anchoring cement, and paint products.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, and attachment details.
  - 1. For illuminated railings, include wiring diagrams and roughing-in details.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For products involving selection of color, texture, or design, including mechanical finishes.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish required.
  - 1. Sections of each distinctly different linear railing member, including handrails, top rails, posts, and balusters.
  - 2. Fittings and brackets.
  - 3. Welded connections.
  - 4. Brazed connections.
  - 5. Assembled Samples of railing systems, made from full-size components, including top rail, post, handrail, and infill. Show method of finishing members at intersections. Samples need not be full height.
- E. Delegated-Design Submittal: For installed products indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

#### 1.7 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For professional engineer.
- B. Mill Certificates: Signed by manufacturers of stainless-steel products certifying that products furnished comply with requirements.
- C. Welding certificates.
- D. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, according to ASTM E 894 and ASTM E 935.
- E. Preconstruction test reports.
- F. Evaluation Reports: For post-installed anchors, from ICC-ES.

#### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
  - 1. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel."
  - 2. AWS D1.2/D1.2M, "Structural Welding Code Aluminum."
  - 3. AWS D1.6/D1.6M, "Structural Welding Code Stainless Steel."
- B. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals, to demonstrate aesthetic effects, and to set quality standards for fabrication and installation.
  - 1. Build mockups as shown on Drawings.
  - 2. Build mockups for each form and finish of railing consisting of two posts, top rail, infill area, and anchorage system components that are full height and are not less than 24 inches in length.
  - 3. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

#### 1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of walls and other construction contiguous with railings by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Stainless-Steel Decorative Railings:
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product:</u>
    - a. Efficient-Tec International, LLC S3 "ALAINE" Railing System, non-illuminated.
    - b. See drawings for more information.
    - c. To be located at Tower Stairs.
- B. Illuminated Decorative Railings:
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product:
    - a. Efficient-Tec International, LLC S3 "MYRIS" Railing System, Illuminated.
    - b. See drawings for more information.
    - c. To be located at bridge, see Electrical.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of railing from single source from single manufacturer.
- D. Product Options: Information on Drawings and in Specifications establishes requirements for system's aesthetic effects and performance characteristics. Aesthetic effects are indicated by dimensions, arrangements, alignment, and profiles of components and assemblies as they relate to sightlines, to one another, and to adjoining construction. Performance characteristics are indicated by criteria subject to verification by one or more methods, including structural analysis, preconstruction testing, field testing, and in-service performance.
  - 1. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.
- E. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of railings and are based on the specific system indicated. See Section 016000 "Product Requirements."
  - 1. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.

#### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design railings, including attachment to building construction.

#### Addendum Five Small Craft Harbor Pedestrian Overpass Biloxi, Mississippi

- B. General: In engineering railings to withstand structural loads indicated, determine allowable design working stresses of railing materials based on the following:
  - 1. Aluminum: The lesser of minimum yield strength divided by 1.65 or minimum ultimate tensile strength divided by 1.95.
  - 2. Copper Alloys: 60 percent of minimum yield strength.
  - 3. Stainless Steel: 60 percent of minimum yield strength.
  - 4. Steel: 72 percent of minimum yield strength.
- C. Structural Performance: Railings, including attachment to building construction, shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated:
  - 1. Handrails and Top Rails of Guards:
    - a. Uniform load of 50 lbf/ft. applied in any direction.
    - b. Concentrated load of 200 lbf applied in any direction.
    - c. Uniform and concentrated loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.
  - 2. Infill of Guards:
    - a. Concentrated load of 50 lbf applied horizontally on an area of 1 sq. ft..
    - b. Infill load and other loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.
- D. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes acting on exterior railings by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects.
  - 1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F , ambient; 180 deg F , material surfaces.

#### 2.3 METALS, GENERAL

- A. Metal Surfaces, General: Provide materials with smooth surfaces, without seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, stains, discolorations, or blemishes.
- B. Brackets, Flanges, and Anchors: Same metal and finish as supported rails unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Provide cast-metal brackets with flange tapped for concealed anchorage to threaded hanger bolt.
  - 2. Provide either formed- or cast-metal brackets with predrilled hole for exposed bolt anchorage.
  - 3. Provide formed-steel brackets with predrilled hole for bolted anchorage and with snap-on cover that matches rail finish and conceals bracket base and bolt head.
  - 4. Provide extruded-aluminum brackets with interlocking pieces that conceal anchorage. Locate set screws on bottom of bracket.

#### 2.4 FASTENERS

- A. Fastener Materials: Unless otherwise indicated, provide the following:
  - 1. Galvanized-Steel Components: Plated-steel fasteners complying with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 25 for electrodeposited zinc coating.
  - 2. Dissimilar Metals: Type 316 stainless-steel fasteners.

- B. Fasteners for Anchoring to Other Construction: Select fasteners of type, grade, and class required to produce connections suitable for anchoring railings to other types of construction indicated and capable of withstanding design loads.
- C. Anchors, General: Anchors capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to six times the load imposed when installed in unit masonry and four times the load imposed when installed in concrete, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
- D. Provide concealed fasteners for interconnecting railing components and for attaching railings to other work unless exposed fasteners are unavoidable.
  - 1. Provide Phillips flat-head machine screws for exposed fasteners unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Post-Installed Anchors: Fastener systems with working capacity greater than or equal to the design load, according to an evaluation report acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based on ICC-ES AC193 [or ICC-ES AC308].
  - 1. Material for Exterior Locations and Where Stainless Steel Is Indicated: Alloy Group 2 stainless-steel bolts, ASTM F 593, and nuts, ASTM F 594.

#### 2.5 FABRICATION

- A. General: Fabricate railings to comply with requirements indicated for design, dimensions, member sizes and spacing, details, finish, and anchorage, but not less than that required to support structural loads.
- B. Assemble railings in the shop to greatest extent possible to minimize field splicing and assembly. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces.
- C. Cut, drill, and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs and ease edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch unless otherwise indicated. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed surfaces.
- D. Form work true to line and level with accurate angles and surfaces.
- E. Fabricate connections that will be exposed to weather in a manner to exclude water. Provide weep holes where water may accumulate. Locate weep holes in inconspicuous locations.
- F. Cut, reinforce, drill, and tap as indicated to receive finish hardware, screws, and similar items.
- G. Connections: Fabricate railings with welded connections unless otherwise indicated.
- H. Welded Connections: Cope components at connections to provide close fit, or use fittings designed for this purpose. Weld all around at connections, including at fittings.
  - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
  - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
  - 3. Remove flux immediately.
  - 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds to comply with NOMMA's "Voluntary Joint Finish Standards" for Type 1 welds; no evidence of a welded joint.

- I. Mechanical Connections: Connect members with concealed mechanical fasteners and fittings. Fabricate members and fittings to produce flush, smooth, rigid, hairline joints.
  - 1. Fabricate splice joints for field connection using an epoxy structural adhesive if this is manufacturer's standard splicing method.
- J. Bend members in jigs to produce uniform curvature for each configuration required; maintain cross section of member throughout entire bend without buckling, twisting, cracking, or otherwise deforming exposed surfaces of components.
- K. Close exposed ends of hollow railing members with prefabricated end fittings.
- L. Provide wall returns at ends of wall-mounted handrails unless otherwise indicated. Close ends of returns, unless clearance between end of rail and wall is 1/4 inch or less.
- M. Brackets, Flanges, Fittings, and Anchors: Provide wall brackets, flanges, miscellaneous fittings, and anchors to interconnect railing members to other work unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. At brackets and fittings fastened to plaster or gypsum board partitions, provide crushresistant fillers, or other means to transfer loads through wall finishes to structural supports and to prevent bracket or fitting rotation and crushing of substrate.
- N. Provide inserts and other anchorage devices for connecting railings to concrete or masonry work. Fabricate anchorage devices capable of withstanding loads imposed by railings. Coordinate anchorage devices with supporting structure.
- O. For railing posts set in concrete, provide stainless-steel sleeves not less than 6 inches long with inside dimensions not less than 1/2 inch greater than outside dimensions of post, with metal plate forming bottom closure.
- P. Toe Boards: Where indicated, provide toe boards at railings around openings and at edge of open-sided floors and platforms. Fabricate to dimensions and details indicated.

#### 2.6 ILLUMINATED RAILINGS

- A. General: Comply with requirements in this Section for aluminum railings with welded connections.
- B. Illuminated Units: Provide internal illumination using concealed LEDS; see Electrical.

#### 2.7 GENERAL FINISH REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipment.
- C. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.
- D. Provide exposed fasteners with finish matching appearance, including color and texture, of railings.

#### 2.8 STAINLESS-STEEL FINISHES

- A. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
- B. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.

100% Construction Documents

- 1. Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
- C. Directional Satin Finish: No. 4.
- D. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.
- E. Sputter-Coated Finish: Titanium nitride coating deposited by magnetic sputter-coating process over indicated mechanical finish.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine plaster and gypsum board assemblies, where reinforced to receive anchors, to verify that locations of concealed reinforcements have been clearly marked for Installer. Locate reinforcements and mark locations if not already done.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Fit exposed connections together to form tight, hairline joints.
- B. Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing railings. Set railings accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; measured from established lines and levels and free of rack.
  - 1. Do not weld, cut, or abrade surfaces of railing components that have been coated or finished after fabrication and that are intended for field connection by mechanical or other means without further cutting or fitting.
  - 2. Set posts plumb within a tolerance of 1/16 inch in 3 feet.
  - 3. Align rails so variations from level for horizontal members and variations from parallel with rake of steps and ramps for sloping members do not exceed 1/4 inch in 12 feet.
- C. Control of Corrosion: Prevent galvanic action and other forms of corrosion by insulating metals and other materials from direct contact with incompatible materials.
  - 1. Coat concealed surfaces of aluminum and copper alloys that will be in contact with grout, concrete, masonry, wood, or dissimilar metals, with a heavy coat of bituminous paint.
- D. Adjust railings before anchoring to ensure matching alignment at abutting joints.
- E. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Use anchorage devices and fasteners where necessary for securing railings and for properly transferring loads to in-place construction.

#### 3.3 RAILING CONNECTIONS

- A. Nonwelded Connections: Use mechanical or adhesive joints for permanently connecting railing components. Use wood blocks and padding to prevent damage to railing members and fittings. Seal recessed holes of exposed locking screws using plastic cement filler colored to match finish of railings.
- B. Welded Connections: Use fully welded joints for permanently connecting railing components. Comply with requirements for welded connections in "Fabrication" Article whether welding is performed in the shop or in the field.
- C. Expansion Joints: Install expansion joints at locations indicated but not farther apart than required to accommodate thermal movement. Provide slip-joint internal sleeve extending 2 inches beyond

joint on either side, fasten internal sleeve securely to one side, and locate joint within 6 inches of post.

#### 3.4 ANCHORING POSTS

- A. Use steel pipe sleeves preset and anchored into concrete for installing posts. After posts have been inserted into sleeves, fill annular space between post and sleeve with nonshrink, nonmetallic grout or anchoring cement, mixed and placed to comply with anchoring material manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Anchoring posts to be coordinated with Structural Engineer during submittal review.
- C. Cover anchorage joint with flange of same metal as post, welded to post after placing anchoring material.
- D. Leave anchorage joint exposed with 1/8-inch buildup, sloped away from post.
- E. Anchor posts to metal surfaces with flanges, angle type, or floor type as required by conditions, connected to posts and to metal supporting members as follows:
  - 1. For aluminum railings, attach posts as indicated using fittings designed and engineered for this purpose.
  - 2. For copper-alloy railings, attach posts as indicated using fittings designed and engineered for this purpose.
  - 3. For stainless-steel railings, weld flanges to posts and bolt to metal-supporting surfaces.
  - 4. For steel railings, weld flanges to posts and bolt to metal-supporting surfaces.

#### 3.5 ATTACHING RAILINGS

- A. Anchor railing ends to concrete and masonry with sleeves concealed within railing ends and anchored to wall construction with anchors and bolts.
- B. Anchor railing ends to metal surfaces with flanges bolted to metal surfaces and connected to railing ends using nonwelded connections.
- C. Attach handrails to walls with wall brackets except where end flanges are used. Provide brackets with 1-1/2-inch clearance from inside face of handrail and finished wall surface. Locate brackets as indicated or, if not indicated, at spacing required to support structural loads.
  - 1. Use type of bracket with flange tapped for concealed anchorage to threaded hanger bolt.
  - 2. Locate brackets as indicated or, if not indicated, at spacing required to support structural loads.
- D. Secure wall brackets and railing end flanges to building construction as follows:
  - 1. For concrete and solid masonry anchorage, use drilled-in expansion shields and hanger or lag bolts.
  - 2. For hollow masonry anchorage, use toggle bolts.
  - 3. For wood stud partitions, use hanger or lag bolts set into wood backing between studs. Coordinate with carpentry work to locate backing members.
  - 4. For steel-framed partitions, use hanger or lag bolts set into fire-retardant-treated wood backing between studs. Coordinate with stud installation to locate backing members.
  - 5. For steel-framed partitions, fasten brackets directly to steel framing or concealed steel reinforcements using self-tapping screws of size and type required to support structural loads.
  - 6. For steel-framed partitions, fasten brackets with toggle bolts installed through flanges of steel framing or through concealed steel reinforcements.

#### 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections and to prepare test reports. Payment for these services will be made by Owner.
- B. Extent and Testing Methodology: Testing agency will randomly select completed railing assemblies for testing that are representative of different railing designs and conditions in the completed Work. Test railings according to ASTM E 894 and ASTM E 935 for compliance with performance requirements.
- C. Remove and replace railings where test results indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements unless they can be repaired in a manner satisfactory to Architect and comply with specified requirements.
- D. Perform additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

#### 3.7 CLEANING

- A. Clean aluminum and stainless steel by washing thoroughly with clean water and soap, rinsing with clean water, and wiping dry.
- B. Clean copper alloys according to metal finisher's written instructions in a manner that leaves an undamaged and uniform finish matching approved Sample.
- C. Touchup Painting: Immediately after erection, clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint, and paint exposed areas with the same material used for shop painting to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-painted surfaces.
  - 1. Apply by brush or spray to provide a minimum 2.0-mil dry film thickness.
- D. Touchup Painting: Cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint are specified in Section 099113 "Exterior Painting".
- E. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780/A 780M.

#### 3.8 PROTECTION

- A. Protect finishes of railings from damage during construction period with temporary protective coverings approved by railing manufacturer. Remove protective coverings at time of Substantial Completion.
- B. Restore finishes damaged during installation and construction period so no evidence remains of correction work. Return items that cannot be refinished in the field to the shop; make required alterations and refinish entire unit, or provide new units.

END OF SECTION 057300

SECTION 061600 - SHEATHING

PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Roof sheathing.
  - 2. Wall sheathing.
  - 3. Sheathing Joint & Penetration Treatment.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 061053 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry" for plywood backing panels

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials and dimensions and include construction and application details.
  - 1. Include data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated plywood complies with requirements. Indicate type of preservative used and net amount of preservative retained.
  - 2. Include data for fire-retardant treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated plywood complies with requirements. Include physical properties of treated materials.
  - 3. For fire-retardant treatments, include physical properties of treated plywood both before and after exposure to elevated temperatures, based on testing by a qualified independent testing agency according to ASTM D 5516.
  - 4. For products receiving waterborne treatment, include statement that moisture content of treated materials was reduced to levels specified before shipment to Project site.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Evaluation Reports: For the following, from ICC-ES:
  - 1. Wood-preservative-treated plywood.
  - 2. Fire-retardant-treated plywood.

DPA 17069

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: For testing agency providing classification marking for fireretardant-treated material, an inspection agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction that periodically performs inspections to verify that the material bearing the classification marking is representative of the material tested.

#### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Stack panels flat with spacers beneath and between each bundle to provide air circulation. Protect sheathing from weather by covering with waterproof sheeting, securely anchored. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Resistance Ratings: As tested according to ASTM E 119; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Indicated by design designations from UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or from the listings of another qualified testing agency.

#### 2.2 WOOD PANEL PRODUCTS

- A. Emissions: Products shall meet the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- B. Certified Wood: For the following wood products, provide materials produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship":
  - 1. Plywood.
- C. Thickness: As needed to comply with requirements specified, but not less than thickness indicated.
- D. Factory mark panels to indicate compliance with applicable standard.

#### 2.3 ROOF SHEATHING

- A. Plywood Sheathing: Exterior sheathing.
  - 1. Span Rating: Not less than 48/24.
  - 2. Nominal Thickness: Not less than <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch.

#### 2.4 WALL SHEATHING

- A. Glass-Mat Gypsum Wall Sheathing: ASTM C 1177/1177m.
  - 1. Type & Thickness: Regular, 5/8 inch thick.

#### 2.5 FASTENERS

- A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.
  - 1. For roof sheathing, provide fasteners of Type 304 stainless steel.
  - 2. Provide fasteners with hot-dip zinc coating complying with ASTM A 153/A 153/M.
- B. Nails, Brads, and Staples: ASTM F 1667.
- C. Power-Driven Fasteners: Fastener systems with an evaluation report acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based on ICC-ES AC70.
- D. Screws for Fastening Sheathing to Wood Framing: ASTM C 1002.
- E. Screws for Fastening Wood Structural Panels to Cold-Formed Metal Framing: ASTM C 954, except with wafer heads and reamer wings, length as recommended by screw manufacturer for material being fastened.
- F. Screws for Fastening Gypsum Sheathing to Cold-Formed Metal Framing: Steel drill screws, in length recommended by sheathing manufacturer for thickness of sheathing to be attached.
  - 1. For steel framing less than 0.0329 inch thick, use screws that comply with ASTM C 1002.
  - 2. For steel framing from 0.033 to 0.112 inch thick, use screws that comply with ASTM C 954.
- G. Screws for Fastening Composite Nail Base Insulated Roof Sheathing to Metal Roof Deck: Steel drill screws, in type and length recommended by sheathing manufacturer for thickness of sheathing to be attached, with organic-polymer or other corrosion-protective coating having a salt-spray resistance of more than 800 hours according to ASTM B 117. Provide washers or plates if recommended by sheathing manufacturer.

#### 2.6 SHEATHING JOINT-AND-PENETRATION TREATMENT MATERIALS

- A. Sealant for Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing: Silicon emulsion sealant complying with ASTM C 834, compatible with sheathing tape and sheathing and recommended by tape and sheathing manufacturers for use with glass-fiber sheathing tape and for covering exposed fasteners.
  - 1. Sheathing Tape: Self-adhering glass-fiber tape, minimum 2 inches wide, 10 by 10 or 10 by 20 threads/inch, of type recommended by sheathing and tape manufacturers for use with silicone emulsion sealant in sealing joints in glass-mat gypsum sheathing and with a history of successful in-service use.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Do not use materials with defects that impair quality of sheathing or pieces that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement. Arrange joints so that pieces do not span between fewer than three support members.
- B. Cut panels at penetrations, edges, and other obstructions of work; fit tightly against abutting construction unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Securely attach to substrate by fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
  - 1. Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in the ICC's International Building Code.
  - Table R602.3(1), "Fastener Schedule for Structural Members," and Table R602.3(2), "Alternate Attachments," in the ICC's International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings.
  - 3. ICC-ES evaluation report for fastener.
- D. Use common wire nails unless otherwise indicated. Select fasteners of size that will not fully penetrate members where opposite side will be exposed to view or will receive finish materials. Make tight connections. Install fasteners without splitting wood.
- E. Coordinate roof sheathing installation with flashing and joint-sealant installation so these materials are installed in sequence and manner that prevent exterior moisture from passing through completed assembly.
- F. Do not bridge building expansion joints; cut and space edges of panels to match spacing of structural support elements.
- G. Coordinate sheathing installation with installation of materials installed over sheathing so sheathing is not exposed to precipitation or left exposed at end of the workday when rain is forecast.

END OF SECTION 061600

#### SECTION 072726 - FLUID-APPLIED MEMBRANE AIR BARRIERS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes fluid-applied, vapor-retarding membrane air barriers.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Air-Barrier Material: A primary element that provides a continuous barrier to the movement of air.
- B. Air-Barrier Accessory: A transitional component of the air barrier that provides continuity.
- C. Air-Barrier Assembly: The collection of air-barrier materials and accessory materials applied to an opaque wall, including joints and junctions to abutting construction, to control air movement through the wall.

#### 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
  - 1. Review air-barrier requirements and installation, special details, mockups, air-leakage and bond testing, air-barrier protection, and work scheduling that covers air barriers.

#### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include manufacturer's written instructions for evaluating, preparing, and treating substrate; technical data; and tested physical and performance properties of products.
- B. Shop Drawings: For air-barrier assemblies.
  - 1. Show locations and extent of air barrier. Include details for substrate joints and cracks, counterflashing strips, penetrations, inside and outside corners, terminations, and tie-ins with adjoining construction.
  - 2. Include details of interfaces with other materials that form part of air barrier.

#### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For Installer. Include list of ABAA-certified installers and supervisors employed by the Installer, who work on Project.

#### Addendum Five Small Craft Harbor Pedestrian Overpass Biloxi, Mississippi

- B. Product Certificates: From air-barrier manufacturer, certifying compatibility of air barriers and accessory materials with Project materials that connect to or that come in contact with the barrier.
- C. Product Test Reports: For each air-barrier assembly, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

#### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An entity that employs installers and supervisors who are trained and approved by manufacturer.
  - 1. Installer shall be licensed by ABAA according to ABAA's Quality Assurance Program and shall employ ABAA-certified installers and supervisors on Project.
- B. Mockups: Build mockups to set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - 1. Build integrated mockups of exterior wall assembly 6 foot x 8 foot or as agreed on to show conditions, incorporating backup wall construction, external cladding, window, storefront, door frame and sill, insulation, ties and other penetrations, and flashing to demonstrate surface preparation, crack and joint treatment, application of air barriers, and sealing of gaps, terminations, and penetrations of air-barrier assembly.
    - a. Include junction with roofing membrane, building corner condition, and foundation wall intersection.
    - b. If Architect determines mockups do not comply with requirements, reconstruct mockups and apply air barrier until mockups are approved.
  - 2. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
  - 3. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

#### 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Remove and replace liquid materials that cannot be applied within their stated shelf life.
- B. Protect stored materials from direct sunlight.

#### 1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Apply air barrier within the range of ambient and substrate temperatures recommended by air-barrier manufacturer.
  - 1. Protect substrates from environmental conditions that affect air-barrier performance.
  - 2. Do not apply air barrier to a damp or wet substrate or during snow, rain, fog, or mist.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain primary air-barrier materials and air-barrier accessories from single manufacturer or as recommended by primary air barrier.
- B. VOC Content: 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24) and complying with VOC content limits of authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Air barrier shall be capable of performing as a continuous vapor-retarding air barrier and as a liquid-water drainage plane flashed to discharge to the exterior incidental condensation or water penetration. Air-barrier assemblies shall be capable of accommodating substrate movement and of sealing substrate expansion and control joints, construction material changes, penetrations, tie-ins to installed waterproofing, and transitions at perimeter conditions without deterioration and air leakage exceeding specified limits.
- B. Air-Barrier Assembly Air Leakage: Maximum 0.04 cfm/sq. ft. of surface area at 1.57 lbf/sq. ft, when tested according to ASTM E 283 or ASTM E 2357.

#### 2.3 VAPOR-RETARDING MEMBRANE AIR BARRIER

Α.

- 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following;
  - a. Dryvit Backstop NT Air Barrier
  - b. W.R. Grace; Perm-A-Barrier.
  - c. DuPont: Tyvek Fluid Applied WB System.
  - d. W.R. Meadows; Air-Shield LMP.Fluid-Applied, Vapor-Retarding Membrane Air Barrier: Elastomeric, modified bituminous or synthetic polymer membrane.

#### 2.4 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

- A. General: Accessory materials recommended by air-barrier manufacturer to produce a complete air-barrier assembly and compatible with primary air-barrier material.
- B. Primer: Liquid waterborne primer recommended for substrate by air-barrier material manufacturer.
- C. Substrate-Patching Membrane: Manufacturer's standard trowel-grade substrate filler.
- D. Adhesive and Tape: Air-barrier manufacturer's standard adhesive and pressure-sensitive adhesive tape.
- E. Sprayed Polyurethane Foam Sealant: One- or two-component, foamed-in-place, polyurethane foam sealant, 1.5- to 2.0-lb/cu. ft density; flame-spread index of 25 or less according to ASTM E

162; with primer and noncorrosive substrate cleaner recommended by foam sealant manufacturer.

- F. Elastomeric Flashing Sheet: ASTM D 2000, minimum 50- to 65-mil-thick, cured sheet neoprene with manufacturer-recommended contact adhesives and lap sealant with aluminum termination bars and stainless-steel fasteners.
- G. Joint Sealant: ASTM C 920, single-component, neutral-curing silicone; Class 100/50 (low modulus), Grade NS, Use NT related to exposure, and, as applicable to joint substrates indicated, Use O. Comply with Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that substrates are sound and free of oil, grease, dirt, excess mortar, or other contaminants.
  - 2. Verify that concrete has cured and aged for minimum time period recommended by airbarrier manufacturer.
  - 3. Verify that concrete is visibly dry and free of moisture. Test for capillary moisture by plastic sheet method according to ASTM D 4263.
  - 4. Verify that masonry joints are flush and completely filled with mortar.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. Clean, prepare, treat, and seal substrate according to manufacturer's written instructions. Provide clean, dust-free, and dry substrate for air-barrier application.
- B. Mask off adjoining surfaces not covered by air barrier to prevent spillage and overspray affecting other construction.
- C. Remove grease, oil, bitumen, form-release agents, paints, curing compounds, and other penetrating contaminants or film-forming coatings from concrete.
- D. Remove fins, ridges, mortar, and other projections and fill honeycomb, aggregate pockets, holes, and other voids in concrete with substrate-patching membrane.
- E. Remove excess mortar from masonry ties, shelf angles, and other obstructions.
- F. At changes in substrate plane, apply sealant or termination mastic beads at sharp corners and edges to form a smooth transition from one plane to another.
- G. Cover gaps in substrate plane and form a smooth transition from one substrate plane to another with stainless-steel sheet mechanically fastened to structural framing to provide continuous support for air barrier.

#### 3.3 JOINT TREATMENT

A. Gypsum Sheathing: Fill joints greater than 1/4 inch with sealant according to ASTM C 1193 and air-barrier manufacturer's written instructions. Apply first layer of fluid air-barrier material at joints. Tape joints with joint reinforcing strip after first layer is dry. Apply a second layer of fluid air-barrier material over joint reinforcing strip.

#### 3.4 TRANSITION STRIP INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install strips, transition strips, and accessory materials according to air-barrier manufacturer's written instructions to form a seal with adjacent construction and maintain a continuous air barrier.
  - 1. Coordinate the installation of air barrier with installation of roofing membrane and base flashing to ensure continuity of air barrier with roofing membrane.
- B. Apply primer to substrates at required rate and allow it to dry. Limit priming to areas that will be covered by fluid air-barrier material on same day. Reprime areas exposed for more than 24 hours.
  - 1. Prime glass-fiber-surfaced gypsum sheathing with number of prime coats needed to achieve required bond, with adequate drying time between coats.
- C. Connect and seal exterior wall air-barrier material continuously to roofing-membrane air barrier, concrete below-grade structures, floor-to-floor construction, exterior glazing and window systems, glazed curtain-wall systems, storefront systems, exterior louvers, exterior door framing, and other construction used in exterior wall openings, using accessory materials.
- D. At end of each working day, seal top edge of strips and transition strips to substrate with termination mastic.
- E. Apply joint sealants forming part of air-barrier assembly within manufacturer's recommended application temperature ranges. Consult manufacturer when sealant cannot be applied within these temperature ranges.
- F. Wall Openings: Prime concealed, perimeter frame surfaces of windows, curtain walls, storefronts, and doors. Apply elastomeric flashing sheet so that a minimum of 3 inches of coverage is achieved over each substrate. Maintain 3 inches of full contact over firm bearing to perimeter frames with not less than 1 inch of full contact.
  - 1. Elastomeric Flashing Sheet: Apply adhesive to wall, frame, and flashing sheet. Install flashing sheet and termination bars, fastened at 6 inches o.c. Apply lap sealant over exposed edges and on cavity side of flashing sheet.
- G. Fill gaps in perimeter frame surfaces of windows, curtain walls, storefronts, and doors, and miscellaneous penetrations of air-barrier material with foam sealant.
- H. Seal strips and transition strips around masonry reinforcing or ties and penetrations with termination mastic.
- I. Seal exposed edges of strips at seams, cuts, penetrations, and terminations not concealed by metal counterflashings or ending in reglets with termination mastic.

J. Repair punctures, voids, and deficient lapped seams in strips and transition strips. Slit and flatten fishmouths and blisters. Patch with transition strips extending 6 inches beyond repaired areas in strip direction.

#### 3.5 FLUID AIR-BARRIER MEMBRANE INSTALLATION

- A. General: Apply fluid air-barrier material to form a seal with strips and transition strips and to achieve a continuous air barrier according to air-barrier manufacturer's written instructions. Apply fluid air-barrier material within manufacturer's recommended application temperature ranges.
  - 1. Limit priming to areas that will be covered by fluid air-barrier material on same day. Reprime areas exposed for more than 24 hours.
  - 2. Prime glass-fiber-surfaced gypsum sheathing with number of prime coats needed to achieve required bond, with adequate drying time between coats.
- B. Membrane Air Barriers: Apply a continuous unbroken air-barrier membrane to substrates according to the following thickness. Apply air-barrier membrane in full contact around protrusions such as masonry ties.
  - 1. Vapor-Retarding Membrane Air Barrier: Total dry film thickness as recommended in writing by manufacturer to meet performance requirements, but not less than 40-mil dry film thickness, applied in one or more equal coats.
- C. Apply strip and transition strip over cured air-barrier material overlapping 3 inches onto each surface according to air-barrier manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Do not cover air barrier until it has been tested and inspected by Owner's testing agency.
- E. Correct deficiencies in or remove air barrier that does not comply with requirements; repair substrates and reapply air-barrier components.

#### 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspections: Air-barrier materials, accessories, and installation are subject to inspection for compliance with requirements. Inspections may include the following:
  - 1. Continuity of air-barrier system has been achieved throughout the building envelope with no gaps or holes.
  - 2. Continuous structural support of air-barrier system has been provided.
  - 3. Site conditions for application temperature and dryness of substrates have been maintained.
  - 4. Maximum exposure time of materials to UV deterioration has not been exceeded.
  - 5. Surfaces have been primed, if applicable.
  - 6. Laps in strips and transition strips have complied with minimum requirements and have been shingled in the correct direction (or mastic has been applied on exposed edges), with no fishmouths.
  - 7. Termination mastic has been applied on cut edges.
  - 8. Strips and transition strips have been firmly adhered to substrate.
  - 9. Compatible materials have been used.
  - 10. Transitions at changes in direction and structural support at gaps have been provided.
  - 11. Connections between assemblies (air-barrier and sealants) have complied with requirements for cleanliness, surface preparation and priming, structural support, integrity, and continuity of seal.

- 12. All penetrations have been sealed.
- B. Air barriers will be considered defective if they do not pass inspections.
  - 1. Apply additional air-barrier material, according to manufacturer's written instructions, where inspection results indicate insufficient thickness.
  - 2. Remove and replace deficient air-barrier components for retesting as specified above.
- C. Repair damage to air barriers caused by testing; follow manufacturer's written instructions.

#### 3.7 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Protect air-barrier system from damage during application and remainder of construction period, according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Protect air barrier from exposure to UV light and harmful weather exposure as required by manufacturer. If exposed to these conditions for more than 60 days, remove and replace air barrier or install additional, full-thickness, air-barrier application after repairing and preparing the overexposed membrane according to air-barrier manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 2. Protect air barrier from contact with incompatible materials and sealants not approved by air-barrier manufacturer.
- B. Clean spills, stains, and soiling from construction that would be exposed in the completed work using cleaning agents and procedures recommended by manufacturer of affected construction.
- C. Remove masking materials after installation.

END OF SECTION 072726

#### SECTION 076200 - SHEET METAL FLASHING AND TRIM

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Formed Products:
    - a. Formed roof drainage sheet metal fabrications.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Division 074113 Section "Sheet Metal Roofing Panels".

#### 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Sheet metal flashing and trim assemblies as indicated shall withstand wind loads, structural movement, thermally induced movement, and exposure to weather without failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction. Completed sheet metal flashing and trim shall not rattle, leak, or loosen, and shall remain watertight.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each manufactured product and accessory.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation layouts of sheet metal flashing and trim, including plans, elevations, expansion-joint locations, and keyed details. Distinguish between shop- and field-assembled work. Include the following:
  - 1. Identification of material, thickness, weight, and finish for each item and location in Project.
  - 2. Details for forming sheet metal flashing and trim, including profiles, shapes, seams, and dimensions.
  - 3. Details for joining, supporting, and securing sheet metal flashing and trim, including layout of fasteners, cleats, clips, and other attachments. Include pattern of seams.
  - 4. Details of termination points and assemblies, including fixed points.
  - 5. Details of expansion joints and expansion-joint covers, including showing direction of expansion and contraction.

#### Addendum Five Small Craft Harbor Pedestrian Overpass Biloxi, Mississippi

- 6. Details of edge conditions, including eaves, ridges, valleys, rakes, crickets, and counterflashings as applicable.
- 7. Details of special conditions.
- 8. Details of connections to adjoining work.
- 9. Detail formed flashing and trim at a scale of not less than 1-1/2 inches per 12 inches.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of sheet metal flashing, trim, and accessory indicated with factory-applied color finishes involving color selection.
- D. Qualification Data: For qualified fabricator.
- E. Maintenance Data: For sheet metal flashing, trim, and accessories to include in maintenance manuals.
- F. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricator Qualifications: Shop that employs skilled workers who custom fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim similar to that required for this Project and whose products have a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim Standard: Comply with SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" unless more stringent requirements are specified or shown on Drawings.
- C. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
  - 1. Meet with Owner, Architect, Owner's insurer if applicable, Installer, and installers whose work interfaces with or affects sheet metal flashing and trim including installers of roofing materials, roof accessories, unit skylights, and roof-mounted equipment.
  - 2. Review methods and procedures related to sheet metal flashing and trim.
  - 3. Examine substrate conditions for compliance with requirements, including flatness and attachment to structural members.
  - 4. Review special roof details, roof drainage, roof penetrations, equipment curbs, and condition of other construction that will affect sheet metal flashing.
  - 5. Document proceedings, including corrective measures and actions required, and furnish copy of record to each participant.

#### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Do not store sheet metal flashing and trim materials in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage. Store sheet metal flashing and trim materials away from uncured concrete and masonry.
- B. Protect strippable protective covering on sheet metal flashing and trim from exposure to sunlight and high humidity, except to the extent necessary for the period of sheet metal flashing and trim installation.

#### 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty on Finishes: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair finish or replace sheet metal flashing and trim that shows evidence of deterioration of factory-applied finishes within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Exposed Panel Finish: Deterioration includes, but is not limited to, the following:
    - a. Color fading more than 5 Hunter units when tested according to ASTM D 2244.
    - b. Chalking in excess of a No. 8 rating when tested according to ASTM D 4214.
    - c. Cracking, checking, peeling, or failure of paint to adhere to bare metal.
  - 2. Finish Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Final Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SHEET METALS

- A. General: Protect mechanical and other finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective film before shipping.
  - 1. Exposed Coil-Coated Finishes:
    - a. Two-Coat Fluor polymer: AAMA 620. Fluoropolymer finish containing not less than 70 percent PVDF resin by weight in color coat. Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
  - 2. Color: TBD by Architect from manufacturer's standard range.
  - 3. Concealed Finish: Pretreat with manufacturer's standard white or light-colored acrylic or polyester backer finish, consisting of prime coat and wash coat with a minimum total dry film thickness of 0.5 mil.

#### 2.2 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide materials and types of fasteners, protective coatings, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required for complete sheet metal flashing and trim installation and recommended by manufacturer of primary sheet metal unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Fasteners: Wood screws, annular threaded nails, self-tapping screws, self-locking rivets and bolts, and other suitable fasteners designed to withstand design loads and recommended by manufacturer of primary sheet metal.
  - 1. General: Blind fasteners or self-drilling screws, gasketed, with hex-washer head.
    - a. Exposed Fasteners: Heads matching color of sheet metal using plastic caps or factory-applied coating.
    - b. Blind Fasteners: High-strength aluminum or stainless-steel rivets suitable for metal being fastened.

- c. Spikes and Ferrules: Same material as gutter; with spike with ferrule matching internal gutter width.
- C. Sealant Tape: Pressure-sensitive, 100 percent solids, gray polyisobutylene compound sealant tape with release-paper backing. Provide permanently elastic, nonsag, nontoxic, nonstaining tape 1/2 inch wide and 1/8 inch thick.
- D. Elastomeric Sealant: ASTM C 920, elastomeric polyurethane polymer sealant; low modulus; of type, grade, class, and use classifications required to seal joints in sheet metal flashing and trim and remain watertight.
- E. Butyl Sealant: ASTM C 1311, single-component, solvent-release butyl rubber sealant; polyisobutylene plasticized; heavy bodied for hooked-type expansion joints with limited movement.
- F. Epoxy Seam Sealer: Two-part, noncorrosive, aluminum seam-cementing compound, recommended by aluminum manufacturer for exterior nonmoving joints, including riveted joints.

#### 2.3 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. General: Custom fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim to comply with recommendations in SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" that apply to design, dimensions, geometry, metal thickness, and other characteristics of item indicated. Fabricate items at the shop to greatest extent possible.
  - 1. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim in thickness or weight needed to comply with performance requirements, but not less than that specified for each application and metal.
  - 2. Obtain field measurements for accurate fit before shop fabrication.
  - 3. Form sheet metal flashing and trim without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks and true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems.
  - 4. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions where possible. Exposed fasteners are not allowed on faces exposed to view.
- B. Fabrication Tolerances: Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim that is capable of installation to a tolerance of 1/4 inch in 20 feet on slope and location lines as indicated and within 1/8-inch offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.
- C. Sealed Joints: Form nonexpansion but movable joints in metal to accommodate elastomeric sealant.
- D. Expansion Provisions: Where lapped expansion provisions cannot be used, form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch deep, filled with butyl sealant concealed within joints.
- E. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices from same material as accessory being anchored or from compatible, noncorrosive metal.
- F. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices of sizes as recommended by SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" for application, but not less than thickness of metal being secured.

- G. Seams: Fabricate nonmoving seams with flat-lock seams. Tin edges to be seamed, form seams, and solder.
- H. Do not use graphite pencils to mark metal surfaces.

#### 2.4 ROOF DRAINAGE SHEET METAL FABRICATIONS

- A. Hanging Gutters: Fabricate to cross section required, complete with end pieces, outlet tubes, and other accessories as required. Fabricate in minimum 96-inch- long sections. Furnish flat-stock gutter brackets and gutter spacers and straps fabricated from same metal as gutters, of size recommended by cited sheet metal standard but with thickness not less than twice the gutter thickness. Fabricate expansion joints, expansion-joint covers, and gutter accessories from same metal as gutters. Shop fabricate interior and exterior corners.
  - 1. Accessories: Continuous, removable leaf screen with sheet metal frame and hardware cloth screen.
- B. Downspouts: Fabricate round downspouts to dimensions indicated, complete with mitered elbows. Furnish with metal hangers from same material as downspouts and anchors.
  - 1. Hanger Style: Manufacturer's standard.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, to verify actual locations, dimensions and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify compliance with requirements for installation tolerances of substrates.
  - 2. Verify that substrate is sound, dry, smooth, clean, sloped for drainage, and securely anchored.
- B. For the record, prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. General: Anchor sheet metal flashing and trim and other components of the Work securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement. Use fasteners, protective coatings, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required to complete sheet metal flashing and trim system.
  - 1. Install sheet metal flashing and trim true to line and levels indicated. Provide uniform, neat seams with minimum exposure of solder, welds, and sealant.

- 2. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates and to result in watertight performance. Verify shapes and dimensions of surfaces to be covered before fabricating sheet metal.
- 3. Space cleats not more than 12 inches apart. Anchor each cleat with two fasteners. Bend tabs over fasteners.
- 4. Install exposed sheet metal flashing and trim without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks.
- 5. Install sealant tape where indicated.
- 6. Torch cutting of sheet metal flashing and trim is not permitted.
- 7. Do not use graphite pencils to mark metal surfaces.
- B. Metal Protection: Where dissimilar metals will contact each other or corrosive substrates, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with bituminous coating or by other permanent separation as recommended by SMACNA.
  - 1. Coat back side of sheet metal flashing and trim with bituminous coating where flashing and trim will contact wood, ferrous metal, or cementitious construction.
  - 2. Underlayment: Where installing metal flashing directly on cementitious or wood substrates, install a course of felt underlayment and cover with a slip sheet or install a course of polyethylene sheet.
- C. Expansion Provisions: Provide for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim. Space movement joints at a maximum of 10 feet with no joints allowed within 24 inches of corner or intersection. Where lapped expansion provisions cannot be used or would not be sufficiently watertight, form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch deep, filled with sealant concealed within joints.
- D. Fastener Sizes: Use fasteners of sizes that will penetrate wood sheathing not less than 1-1/4 inches for nails and not less than 3/4 inch for wood screws.
- E. Seal joints as shown and as required for watertight construction.
  - Where sealant-filled joints are used, embed hooked flanges of joint members not less than 1 inch into sealant. Form joints to completely conceal sealant. When ambient temperature at time of installation is moderate, between 40 and 70 deg F, set joint members for 50 percent movement each way. Adjust setting proportionately for installation at higher ambient temperatures. Do not install sealant-type joints at temperatures below 40 deg F.
  - 2. Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants."
- F. Rivets: Rivet joints in uncoated aluminum zinc where indicated and where necessary for strength.

#### 3.3 ROOF DRAINAGE SYSTEM INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install sheet metal roof drainage items to produce complete roof drainage system according to SMACNA recommendations and as indicated. Coordinate installation of roof perimeter flashing with installation of roof drainage system.
- B. Downspouts: Join sections with 1-1/2-inch telescoping joints.

- 1. Provide hangers with fasteners designed to hold downspouts securely to walls. Locate hangers at top and bottom and at approximately 60 inches o.c. in between.
- 2. Provide elbows at base of downspout to direct water away from building.
- 3. Connect downspouts to underground drainage system indicated.
- C. Expansion-Joint Covers: Install expansion-joint covers at locations and of configuration indicated. Lap joints a minimum of 4 inches in direction of water flow.

#### 3.4 ROOF FLASHING INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install sheet metal flashing and trim to comply with performance requirements, sheet metal manufacturer's written installation instructions, and SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Provide concealed fasteners where possible, set units true to line, and level as indicated. Install work with laps, joints, and seams that will be permanently watertight and weather resistant.
- B. Roof Edge Flashing: Anchor to resist uplift and outward forces according to recommendations in SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" and as indicated. Interlock bottom edge of roof edge flashing with continuous cleat anchored to substrate at staggered 3-inch centers.
- C. Copings: Anchor to resist uplift and outward forces according to recommendations in SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" and as indicated.
  - 1. Interlock exterior bottom edge of coping with continuous cleat anchored to substrate at 16-inch centers.
  - 2. Anchor interior leg of coping with washers and screw fasteners through slotted holes at 24-inch centers.
- D. Pipe or Post Counterflashing: Install counterflashing umbrella with close-fitting collar with top edge flared for elastomeric sealant, extending a minimum of 4 inches over base flashing. Install stainless-steel draw band and tighten.
- E. Counterflashing: Coordinate installation of counterflashing with installation of base flashing. Insert counterflashing in reglets or receivers and fit tightly to base flashing. Extend counterflashing 4 inches over base flashing. Lap counterflashing joints a minimum of 4 inches and bed with sealant. Secure in a waterproof manner by means of interlocking folded seam or blind rivets and sealant.
- F. Roof-Penetration Flashing: Coordinate installation of roof-penetration flashing with installation of roofing and other items penetrating roof. Seal with elastomeric sealant and clamp flashing to pipes that penetrate roof.

#### 3.5 ERECTION TOLERANCES

- A. Installation Tolerances: Shim and align sheet metal flashing and trim within installed tolerance of 1/4 inch in 20 feet on slope and location lines as indicated and within 1/8-inch offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.
- B. Installation Tolerances: Shim and align sheet metal flashing and trim within installed tolerances specified in MCA's "Guide Specification for Residential Metal Roofing."

#### 3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean exposed metal surfaces of substances that interfere with uniform oxidation and weathering.
- B. Clean and neutralize flux materials. Clean off excess solder.
- C. Clean off excess sealants.
- D. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films as sheet metal flashing and trim are installed unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions. On completion of installation, remove unused materials and clean finished surfaces. Maintain in a clean condition during construction.
- E. Replace sheet metal flashing and trim that have been damaged or that have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.

END OF SECTION 076200

#### SECTION 313116 - TERMITE CONTROL

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- 1.2 SUMMARY
  - A. Section Includes:
    - 1. Soil treatment with termiticide.
- 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS
  - A. Product Data: For each type of termite control product.
    - 1. Include the EPA-Registered Label for termiticide products.
- 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS
  - A. Product Certificates: For termite control products, from manufacturer.
  - B. Soil Treatment Application Report: After application of termiticide is completed, submit report for Owner's records and include the following:
    - 1. Date and time of application.
    - 2. Moisture content of soil before application.
    - 3. Termiticide brand name and manufacturer.
    - 4. Quantity of undiluted termiticide used.
    - 5. Dilutions, methods, volumes used, and rates of application.
    - 6. Areas of application.
    - 7. Water source for application.
  - C. Warranties: Sample of special warranties.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Formulate and apply termiticides and termiticide devices according to the EPA-Registered Label.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain termite control products from single source from single manufacturer.
- C. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

#### 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: To ensure penetration, do not treat soil that is water saturated or frozen. Do not treat soil while precipitation is occurring. Comply with requirements of the EPA-Registered Label and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Coordinate soil treatment application with excavating, filling, grading, and concreting operations. Treat soil under footings, grade beams, and ground-supported slabs before construction.
- C. Install bait-station system after construction, including landscaping, is completed.

#### 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Soil Treatment Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form, signed by Applicator and Contractor, certifying that termite control work, consisting of applied soil termiticide treatment, will prevent infestation of subterranean termites. If subterranean termite activity or damage is discovered during warranty period, re-treat soil and repair or replace damage caused by termite infestation.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### 1.8 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

A. Continuing Service: Beginning at Substantial Completion, provide 12 months' continuing service including monitoring, inspection, and re-treatment for occurrences of termite activity. Provide a standard continuing service agreement. State services, obligations, conditions, terms for agreement period, and terms for future renewal options.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SOIL TREATMENT

- A. Termiticide: Provide an EPA-Registered termiticide, complying with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction, in an aqueous solution formulated to prevent termite infestation. Provide quantity required for application at the label volume and rate for the maximum termiticide concentration allowed for each specific use, according to product's EPA-Registered Label.
  - 1. Service Life of Treatment: Soil treatment termiticide that is effective for not less than five years against infestation of subterranean termites.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for moisture content of soil per termiticide label requirements, interfaces with earthwork, slab and foundation work, landscaping, utility installation, and other conditions affecting performance of termite control.
- B. Proceed with application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. General: Comply with the most stringent requirements of authorities having jurisdiction and with manufacturer's written instructions for preparation before beginning application of termite control treatment. Remove all extraneous sources of wood cellulose and other edible materials such as wood debris, tree stumps and roots, stakes, formwork, and construction waste wood from soil within and around foundations.
- B. Soil Treatment Preparation: Remove foreign matter and impermeable soil materials that could decrease treatment effectiveness on areas to be treated. Loosen, rake, and level soil to be treated except previously compacted areas under slabs and footings. Termiticides may be applied before placing compacted fill under slabs if recommended in writing by termiticide manufacturer.
  - 1. Fit filling hose connected to water source at the site with a backflow preventer, complying with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 3.3 APPLICATION, GENERAL

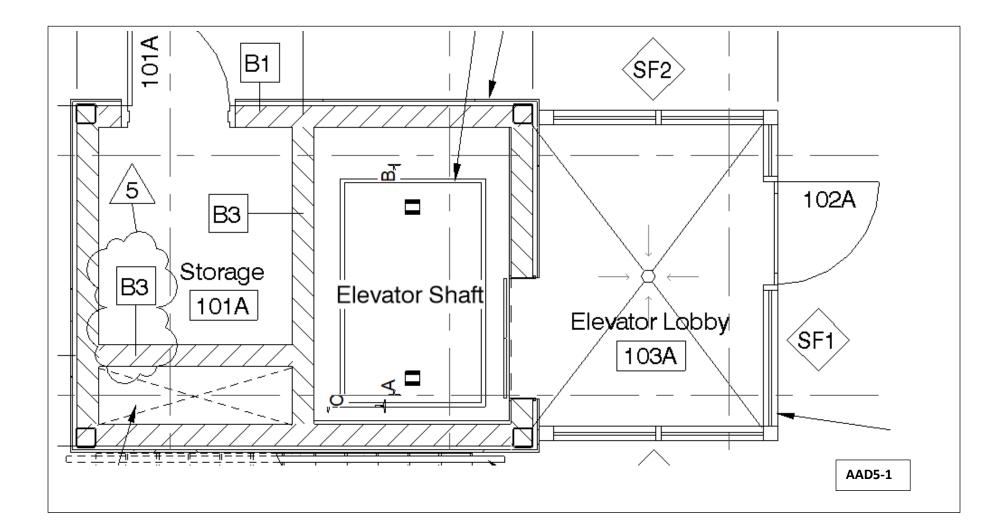
A. General: Comply with the most stringent requirements of authorities having jurisdiction and with manufacturer's EPA-Registered Label for products.

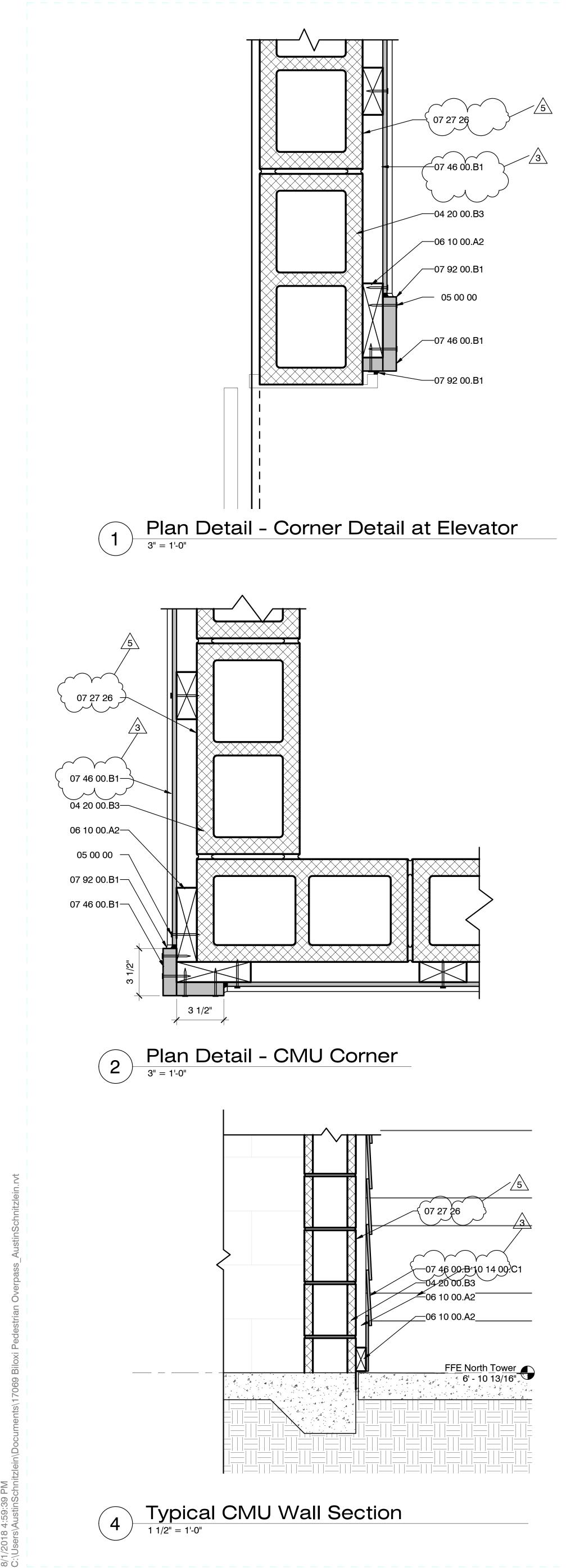
#### 3.4 APPLYING SOIL TREATMENT

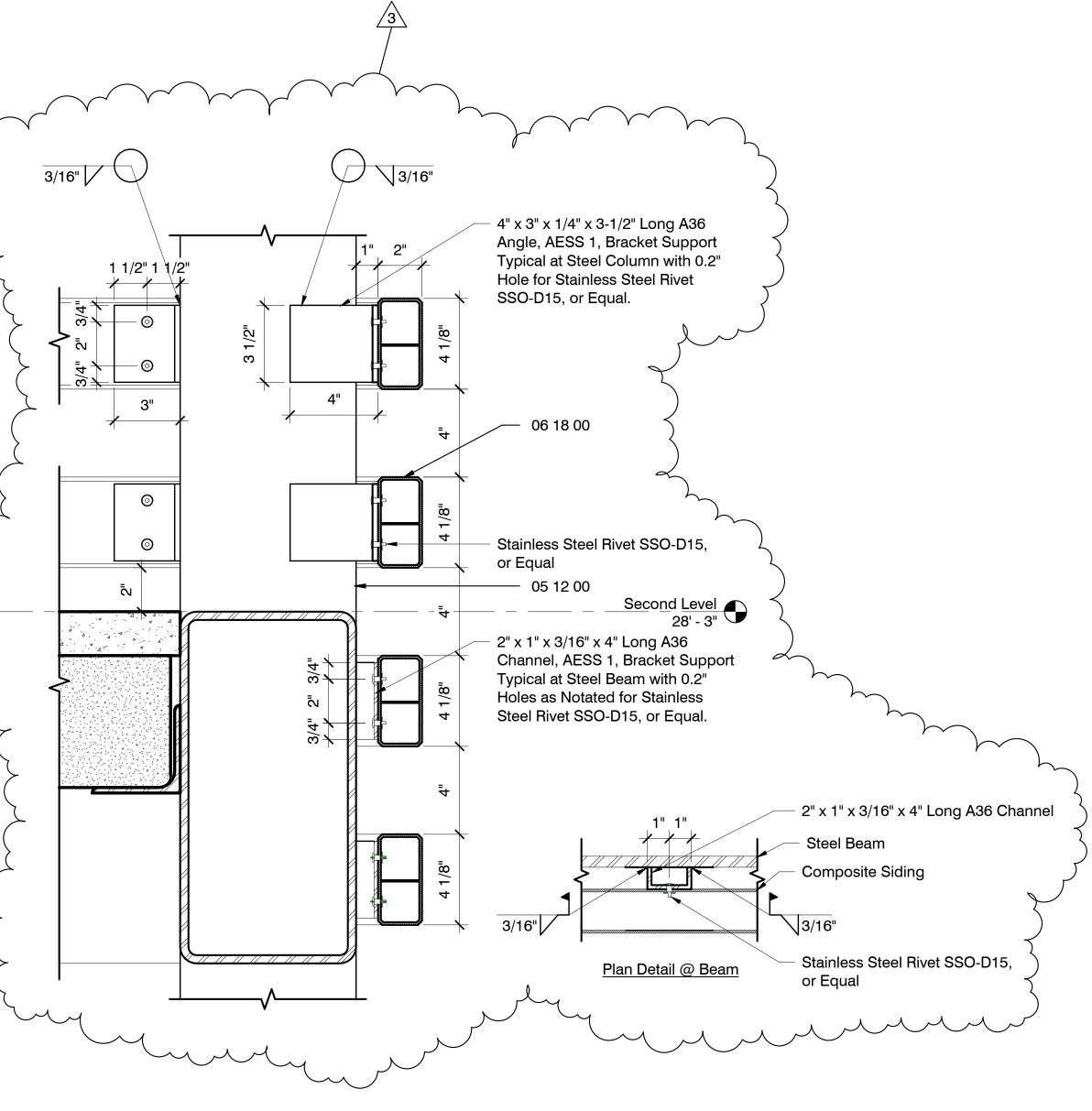
- A. Application: Mix soil treatment termiticide solution to a uniform consistency. Provide quantity required for application at the label volume and rate for the maximum specified concentration of termiticide, according to manufacturer's EPA-Registered Label, to the following so that a continuous horizontal and vertical termiticidal barrier or treated zone is established around and under building construction. Distribute treatment evenly.
  - 1. Slabs-on-Grade and Basement Slabs: Underground-supported slab construction, including footings, building slabs, and attached slabs as an overall treatment. Treat soil materials before concrete footings and slabs are placed.
  - 2. Foundations: Adjacent soil, including soil along the entire inside perimeter of foundation walls; along both sides of interior partition walls; around plumbing pipes and electric conduit penetrating the slab; around interior column footers, piers, and chimney bases; and along the entire outside perimeter, from grade to bottom of footing. Avoid soil washout around footings.
  - 3. Penetrations: At expansion joints, control joints, and areas where slabs will be penetrated.
- B. Avoid disturbance of treated soil after application. Keep off treated areas until completely dry.
- C. Protect termiticide solution, dispersed in treated soils and fills, from being diluted until groundsupported slabs are installed. Use waterproof barrier according to EPA-Registered Label instructions.
- D. Post warning signs in areas of application.
- E. Reapply soil treatment solution to areas disturbed by subsequent excavation, grading, landscaping, or other construction activities following application.

END OF SECTION 313116

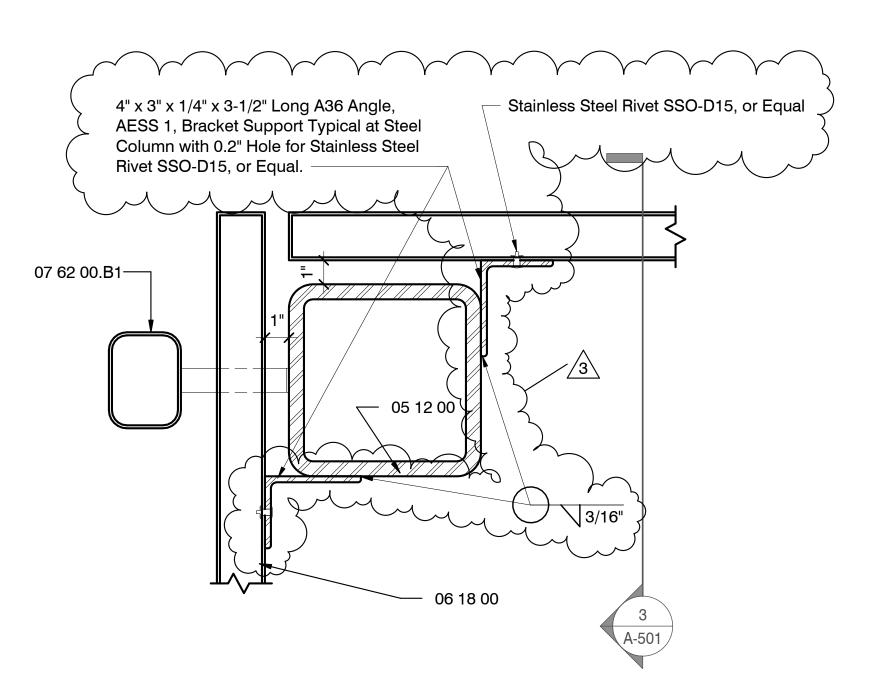


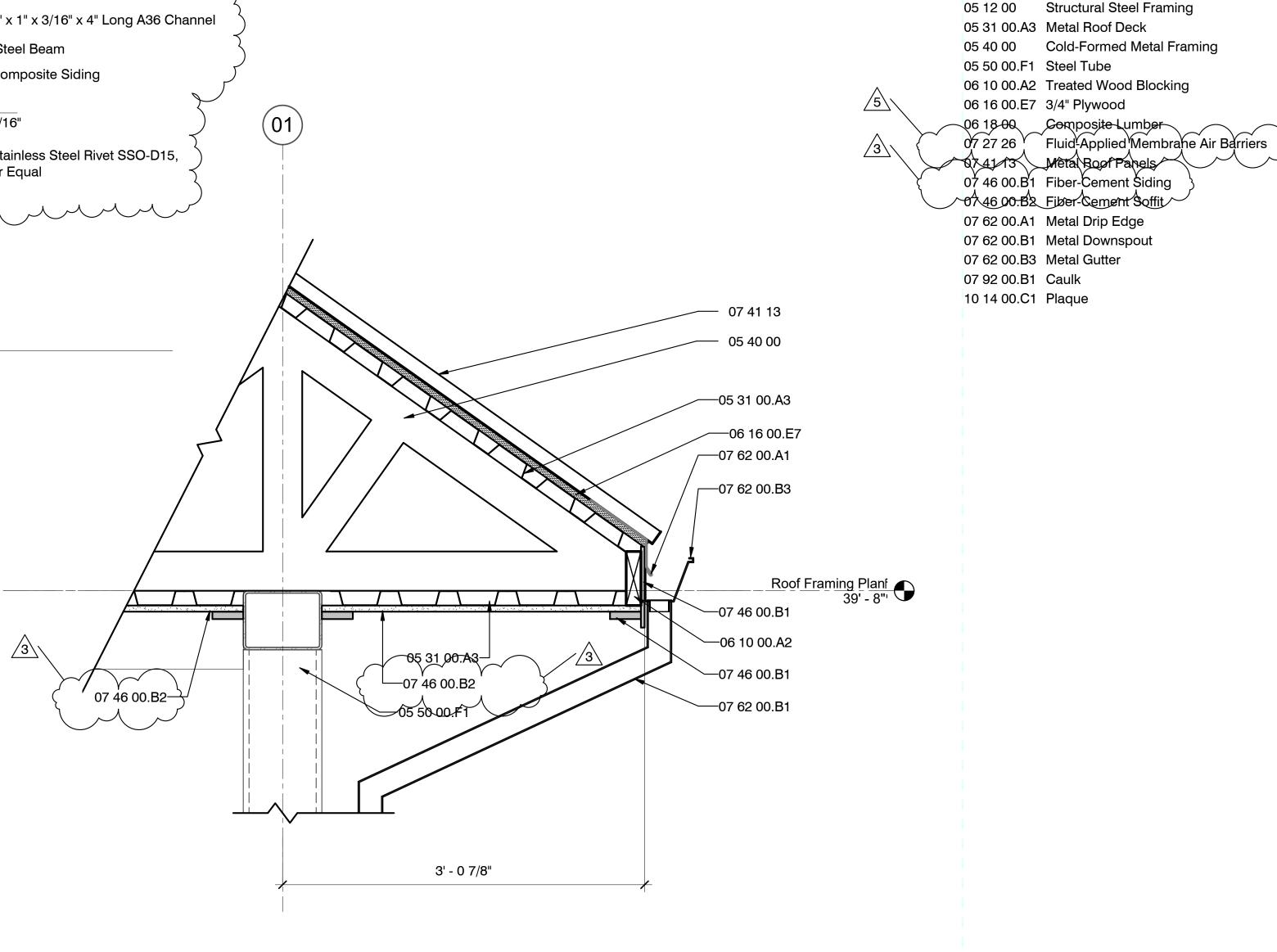






## Typical Composite Cladding Corner Detail (3)





Plan Detail - Composite Cladding 3" = 1'-0"

(5)



### General Detail Notes

- 1. Exterior air/water barrier to be installed so as to provide a continuous separation of the building exterior from all interior occupied or conditioned spaces.
- 2. Grout solid all voids and cavities in walls below grade. 3. All anchors, fasterners, relief angles and attachment devices to
- be hot dipped galvanized steel. 4. Fiber-cement siding as indicated on drawings basis of design: "HardiePlank Smooth Lap Siding". Provide furring & associated corner borders & trim as indicated in details. Colors TBD by
- Architect. Consult manufacturer details prior to installation. 5. Composite slat siding as indicated on drawings basis of design: "Geolam Soleo 6034" composite slats with assoicative secondary framing as required. Slat finish TBD by Architect. Consult manufacturer details prior to installation.

# 04 20 00.B3 8" X 8" X 16" CMU

05 00 00

Sheet Keynote Legend

Division 05 - Metals

# Typical Tower Wall Section



Architecture Interiors Planning

One Jackson Place Suite 250 188 East Capital Street Jackson, MS 39201 p 601.352.5411

161 Lameuse Street Suite 201 Biloxi, MS 39530 p 228.374.1409

dalepartners.com

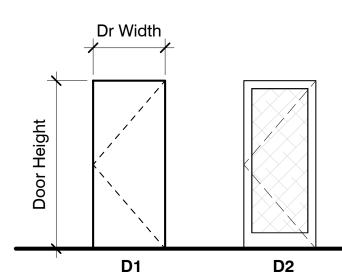


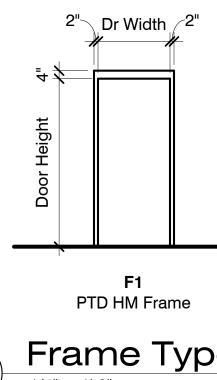
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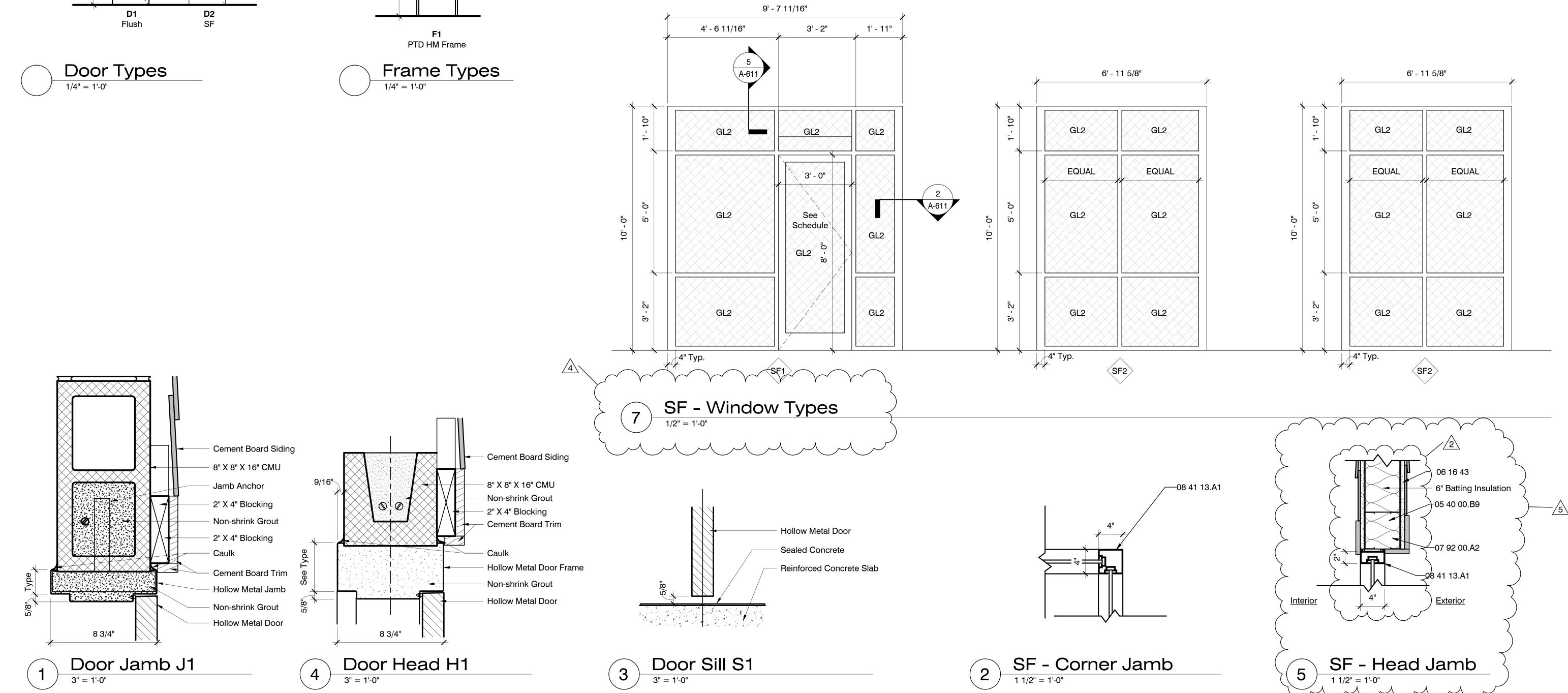


			Finish	Schedule		
			F	inishes		
Number	Name	Floor	Base	Wall	Ceiling	
101A	Storage	SC			ES 🖌	
102A	Elevator Lobby	SC		( FCS	FCCB )	
201A	Control Room	SC			ES	
202A	Elevator Lobby	SC		FCS	FCCB	
202B	Electrical	SC			ES 2	
202C	Control Room	SC		$\mathbf{\mathbf{b}}$	ES )	
202D	Elevator Lobby	SC		FCS	FCCB	
202E	Electrical	SC			ES 2	
102A	Elevator Lobby	SC		S FCS	FCCB	
101A	Storage	SC		$\leq$	ES 🗸	
202A	Electrical	SC			ES 2	
203A	Elevator Lobby	SC		> FCS	FCCB	
201A	Control Room	SC		2	ES 🗸	
103B	Elevator Lobby	SC		( FCS	FCCB	
102B	Storage	SC		$\mathbf{b}$	ES )	
203B	Elevator Lobby	SC		FCS	FCCB	
201B	Control Room	SC			ES	
202B	Electrical	SC		$\mathbf{i}$	ES )	
203E	Bridge	SC		X	FCCB	
					2	
				$\mathbf{\mathbf{b}}$		

								Doc	or Sch	nedul	е			
			Door							Frame			Fire	
Marila	Size						N 4 - 11	-	Detail		Rating	Notes		
Mark	Dr W	PR	Tot W	Ht	Matl	El	Glz	Matl	EI	Head	Jamb	Sill	(Min)	
							_							
101A	3' - 0"	No	3' - 0"	7' - 0"	HM	D1	No	НМ	F1					See Schedule for Hardv
101B	3' - 0"	No	3' - 0"	8' - 0"	AL	D2	Yes	AL	SF					Magnetic Lock on Time
102A	3' - 0"	No	3' - 0"	8' - 0"	AL	D2	Yes	AL	SF					Magnetic Lock on Time
102B	3' - 0"	No	3' - 0"	7' - 0"	HM	D1	No	НМ	F1					See Schedule for Hardv
201A	3' - 6"	No	3' - 6"	7' - 0"	HM	D1	No	НМ	F1					See Schedule for Hardv
201B	3' - 6"	No	3' - 6"	7' - 0"	НМ	D1	No	НМ	F1					See Schedule for Hardv
202A	3' - 0"	No	3' - 0"	7' - 0"	HM	D1	No	НМ	F1					See Schedule for Hardv
202B	3' - 0"	No	3' - 0"	7' - 0"	HM	D1	No	НМ	F1					See Schedule for Hardv
203A	3' - 0"	No	3' - 0"	8' - 0"	AL	D2	Yes	AL	SF					Magnetic Lock on Time
203B	3' - 0"	No	3' - 0"	8' - 0"	AL	D2	Yes	AL	SF					Magnetic Lock on Time

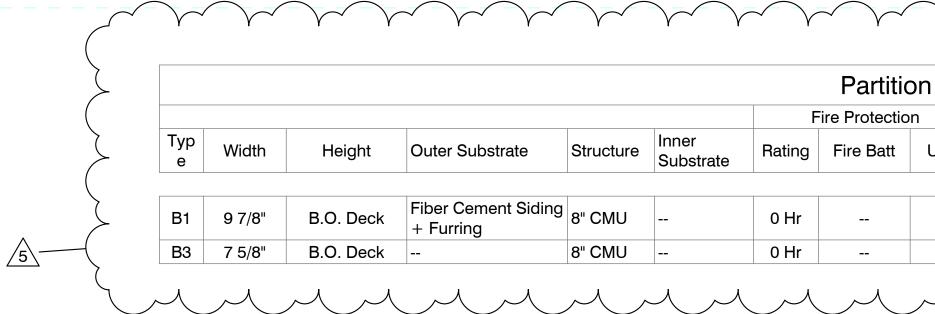


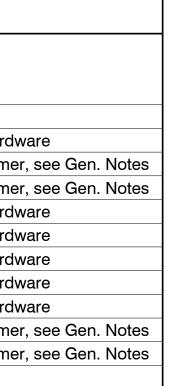




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L#	Sound Batt	STC	Comments
			Typ. all walls UNO
			Typ. all walls UNO

### General Door & Window Notes

- 1. Typical undercut for to be 5/8" for interior doors & 1/4" above top of threshold for exterior doors.
- All steel doors to be 1-3/4" thick U.N.O.
   Coordinate all electrical hardware requirements with
- Coordinate all electrical hardware requirements with electrical drawings & specifications.
   Dimensions given on plans & schedules are nominal.
- Coordinate dimensions in the field concerning frame & rough openings prior to fabrication & construction.
- Provide rated frames at rated doors. Door frame & hardware shall have the same ratings as the door hung within them. Provide label as required.
- Door handles shall be mounted at 38" AFF U.N.O.
   Outside of door frames shall be set 4" from adjacent wall or partition U.N.O.
- Reference finish plans for floor finish transitions at doors
   Exit doors Shall be accessible, slope finish paving from flush
- with finish floor to public way not to exceed 1:20 slope.Provide weatherstrip at exterior & doors within partitions with
- acoustic rating. 11. Door hardware shall comply with the Americans With
- Disabilities Act, including but not limited to: a. Max 1/2" threshold with 1:2 slope, b. Push / pull handles or lever handles, c. Door closers meet ADA force & sweep period requirements.
  12. Locate all door closers on interior room side of door.
- 13. AL SF doors as indicated in schedule shall be fitted with a magnetic lock operating on timer, with motion sensors on interior side to allow for automatic release. See Electrical for rough-in requirements.

### Abbreviations:

Aluminum Electric Strike Not used 1/4" Clear Tempered Safety Glass Hollow metal Pair Fiber-Cement Siding

### General Finish Schedule Notes

- 1. Verify all colors with Architect.
- See Specifications for technical finish information as needed.
   Specific products listed below and throughout are to be considered "basis-of-design" products and finishes and may be substituted if approved by Owner and proven to be an
- be substituted if approved by Owner and proven to be an equal product to that Specified.4. See Specifications for elevator cab finishes.

### <u>Floor</u>

- SC1 Sealed Concrete
  SC2 Sealed Concrete, Rock-Salt textured finish, coordinate w/ Architect
  PT1 Daltile, Unity, Ash Grey P405, Textured
  Wall
  PT1 Paint Color 1: TBD
- P11 Paint Color 1: TBD PT2 Paint Color 2: TBD

### <u>Ceiling</u>

OTS Exposed To Structure - To be painted PT2. GYP Gypsum Board Painted - To be painted PT2.

# General Partition Notes

- Refer to structural drawings for CMU bond beam, grout, & rebar requirements. Provide top bond beam & grout solid U.N.O.
- Where items are recessed in the walls of fire-rated partitions, provide additional gyp. wallboard, fireproofing, and/or firestopping around the recessed portion of the item in thickness and construction as required to
- maintain the fire rating of the partition.
  3. All exposed interior CMU corners and edges shall be bullnosed.

# Sheet Keynote Legend

05 40 00.B9	6" Metal Stud
06 16 43	5/8" Glass Mat Gypsum
07 92 00.A2	Backer Rod and Sealan
08 41 13.A1	Aluminum Storefront

