# Material Safety Data Sheet

Super Kemite

## 1. Product and company identification

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Product name** | : | Super Kemite |
| **Supplier** | : | Betco Corporation<br>1001 Brown Avenue<br>Toledo, Ohio 43607<br>(800) 333-2156 |
| **Manufacturer** | : | Betco Corporation<br>1001 Brown Avenue<br>Toledo, Ohio 43607 |
| **Code** | : | 103 |
| **MSDS #** | : | 103 |
| **Validation date** | : | 8/20/2012. |
| **Print date** | : | 8/20/2012. |
| **In case of emergency** | : | Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 |
| **Product type** | : | Liquid. |

## 2. Hazards identification

**Emergency overview**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Physical state** | : | Liquid. |
| **Color** | : | Purple. |
| **Odor** | : | Characteristic. |
| **Signal word** | : | DANGER! |
| **Hazard statements** | : | CORROSIVE. CAUSES BURNS. HARMFUL IF INHALED, ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN OR SWALLOWED. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. |
| **Precautionary measures** | : | Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep container closed. Wash thoroughly after handling. |
| **OSHA/HCS status** | : | This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
| **Routes of entry** | : | Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion. |

**Potential acute health effects**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Inhalation** | : | Toxic by inhalation. |
| **Ingestion** | : | Toxic if swallowed. |
| **Skin** | : | Toxic in contact with skin. Severely irritating to the skin. |
| **Eyes** | : | Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes. |

**Potential chronic health effects**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Chronic effects** | : | Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data. |
| **Carcinogenicity** | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| **Mutagenicity** | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| **Teratogenicity** | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| **Developmental effects** | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| **Fertility effects** | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| **Target organs** | : | Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, liver, lymphatic system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea. |

## 2. Hazards identification

**Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure** : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

**See toxicological information (Section 11)**

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Name | CAS number | % |
|---|---|---|
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | 111-76-2 | 1 - 5 |
| Silicic acid, sodium salt | 1344-09-8 | 1 - 5 |
| Sodium hydroxide | 1310-73-2 | 1 - 5 |

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

## 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact** Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water.

**Skin contact** In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

**Inhalation** Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

**Ingestion** Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

**Protection of first-aiders** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Flammability of the product** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

**Extinguishing media**

**Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Not suitable** : None known.

**Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

**Methods for cleaning up**

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

# 7. Handling and storage

**Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient | Exposure limits |
|---|---|
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | **OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin.**<br>TWA: 25 ppm 8 hour(s).<br>TWA: 120 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).<br>**NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). Absorbed through skin.**<br>TWA: 5 ppm 10 hour(s).<br>TWA: 24 mg/m³ 10 hour(s).<br>**ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).**<br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hour(s).<br>**OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). Absorbed through skin.**<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s).<br>TWA: 240 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). |
| Sodium hydroxide | **ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).**<br>C: 2 mg/m³<br>**OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).**<br>CEIL: 2 mg/m³ |

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | |
|---|---|
| | **NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).**<br>CEIL: 2 mg/m³<br>**OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).**<br>TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). |

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

**Engineering measures** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Personal protection**

**Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. >8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber

**Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. Recommended: splash goggles

**Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)** :

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Flash point** : Closed cup: >150°C (>302°F)

**Color** : Purple.

**Odor** : Characteristic.

**pH** : 13 to 13.9

**Relative density** : 1.03

**Dispersibility properties** : Easily dispersible in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

**Solubility** : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
acids

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

# 11. Toxicological information

## Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 450 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 220 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 250 mg/kg | - |
| Silicic acid, sodium salt | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1960 mg/kg | - |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## Chronic toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 milligrams | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 milligrams | - |
| Silicic acid, sodium salt | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 10 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |
| Sodium hydroxide | Eyes - Severe irritant | Monkey | - | 24 hours 1 Percent | - |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 400 Micrograms | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 50 Micrograms | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 1 Percent | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.5 minutes 1 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 24 hours 2 Percent | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## Sensitizer

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## Classification

# 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | ACGIH | IARC | EPA | NIOSH | NTP | OSHA |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | A3 | 3 | - | - | - | - |

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Aquatic ecotoxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | Acute EC50 >1000 mg/L Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - <24 hours | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 800000 ug/L Marine water | Crustaceans - Crangon crangon | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1250000 ug/L Marine water | Fish - Menidia beryllina - 40 to 100 mm | 96 hours |
| Silicic acid, sodium salt | Acute EC50 0.4 mg/L Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 494000 ug/L Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1800000 ug/L Fresh water | Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult | 96 hours |
| Sodium hydroxide | Acute EC50 40.38 mg/L Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 125000 ug/L Fresh water | Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 56 mg/L Marine water | Fish - Poecilia reticulata - Young - 3 to 4 weeks | 96 hours |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Persistence/degradability**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

# 13. Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.**

**Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.**

# 14. Transport information

| Regulatory information | UN number | Proper shipping name | Classes | PG* | Label | Additional information |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **DOT Classification** | 1760 | Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Sodium hydroxide) | 8 | II | | - |
| **TDG Classification** | 1760 | Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Sodium hydroxide) | 8 | II | | - |
| **Mexico Classification** | 1760 | Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Sodium hydroxide) | 8 | II | | - |
| **ADR/RID Class** | 1760 | Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Sodium hydroxide) | 8 | II | | **Tunnel code** (E) |
| **IMDG Class** | 1760 | Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Sodium hydroxide) | 8 | II | | - |
| **IATA-DGR Class** | 1760 | Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Sodium hydroxide) | 8 | II | | - |

PG* : Packing group

# 15. Regulatory information

**HCS Classification** : Toxic material
Irritating material
Target organ effects

**U.S. Federal regulations** : **TSCA 8(a) PAIR**: Benzaldehyde
**TSCA 8(a) IUR Exempt/Partial exemption**: Not determined
**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)**: Not determined.
**TSCA 8(d) H and S data reporting**: Benzaldehyde

**SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances**: No products were found.
**SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification**: No products were found.
**SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals**: Sodium hydroxide; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether
**SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification**: Sodium hydroxide: Immediate (acute) health hazard; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

**Clean Water Act (CWA) 311**: sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Sodium hydroxide

**Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** : Not listed

# 15. Regulatory information

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Not listed

**SARA 313**

| | Product name | CAS number | Concentration |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Form R - Reporting requirements** | Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | 111-76-2 | 1 - 5 |
| **Supplier notification** | Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | 111-76-2 | 1 - 5 |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

**State regulations**

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: 2-BUTOXYETHANOL; Sodium Hydroxide Solution

**New York** : The following components are listed: Sodium hydroxide

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: 2-BUTOXY ETHANOL; BUTYL CELLOSOLVE; Sodium Hydroxide Solution

**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY-; Sodium Hydroxide Solution

**Canada inventory** : Not determined.

**International regulations**

**International lists** : **Australia inventory (AICS)**: Not determined.
**China inventory (IECSC)**: Not determined.
**Japan inventory**: Not determined.
**Korea inventory**: Not determined.
**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: Not determined.
**Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: Not determined.

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals** : Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals** : Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals** : Not listed

# 16. Other information

**Label requirements** : CORROSIVE. CAUSES BURNS. HARMFUL IF INHALED, ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN OR SWALLOWED. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Health | * | 2 |
| Flammability | | 1 |
| Physical hazards | | 0 |

# 16. Other information

**Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.**

**The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.**

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** :

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
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| **Prepared by** | : | CRushton |

**Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.**

**Notice to reader**

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**Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.**